

### PLANT GROWTH AND REPRODUCTION

## **Process of Reproduction**

Many plants produce seeds in order to reproduce or make new plants. Seeds are produced in the flower of a plant. Flowers have male and female organs that are used to create seeds to grow new plants. The female organ of a flower is called the pistil. The pistil of a flower produces egg cells needed for plant reproduction. The male organ of a flower is called the stamen which produces pollen.



# Lesson Checkpoint: What is the female organ of a flower called?

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pistil of another flower in order for plant reproduction to occur.

- A flower's nectar is located deep inside
  the flower so that when an insect or bird
  tries to get the nectar it also rubs up
  against the pollen on the flower as well.
- When pollen rubs off on bees, butterflies, and birds, the pollen gets transferred to other flowers.

This **movement of pollen** from one flower to another is called **pollination**.

Lesson Checkpoint: What is one reason a plant has nectar?



#### **Fertilization**

- **Fertilization** is the process of **sperm cells** from pollen combining with eggs cells in the ovary of a flower.
- After fertilization occurs, a plant produces a seed or seeds which are often protected inside a fruit.

#### Seeds



- A seed coat surrounds the seed and protects it until it is ready to germinate.
- A seed contains a leaf, stem, root, and stored food.
- Seeds need the proper condition in order to grow, such as oxygen, water, and the proper temperature.
- **Seeds** grow into new plants. The process of a seed **beginning to grow** is called **germination**.

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## **PREVIEW**

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It is important for seeds to be scattered **away** from the parent plant so that they do not have to compete for the same resources such as space, nutrients in the soil, and water.

Some **seeds** are prickly or have hooks that stick to the fur of some **animals**. These seeds eventually fall off the animal and grow in the soil where they fall. Other seeds are scattered to new soil by the wind.

Some plants, such as mosses and ferns, do not produce seeds but are still able to reproduce. **Mosses and ferns** produce **spores** instead of seeds.

Lesson Checkpoint: What do mosses and ferns produce instead of seeds?