

INTRODUCTION TO ALGEBRA

- **Algebra** is the practice of using expressions with letters or variables that represent numbers. Words can be changed into a mathematical expression by using the words, plus, exceeds, diminished, less, times, the product, divided, the quotient and many more.
- When given an **algebraic expression**, it can be solved by filling in a number for the variable.
- Word problems can be turned into **variable expressions** by changing the words to mathematical terms.
- If an expression has more than one **variable expression**, it can be combined as long as both have the same variable factor; this is called **combining like terms**.
- With algebra, **inverse operations** can be used to solve equations. Inverse operations undo an operation and vice versa. For example, the inverse of addition is subtraction and the inverse of multiplication is division.



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How to use

- An example of an **algebraic expression** is $3x + 5$. Here the x represents a number that is to be multiplied by three. If $x = 2$, then the expression equals $3 \cdot 2 + 5 = 11$. By filling in 2 for the x , the expression can be solved.
- Words can be changed into mathematical terms. Look at the following words and translate them into mathematical terms:

Ex. Five times a number minus three $\rightarrow 5 \cdot n - 3 = 5n - 3$

- Each word represents a mathematical term. Once this is done, the expression can either be left this way or solved if given a value for n .

- Word problems are also changed into **variable expressions** in the same way. Look at this word problem:

Jack rented a movie. The store charged \$1.99 for the first day and \$.50 for each day after that. If Jack had the movie for d days, what expression could be used to represent the cost of renting a movie in terms of d ?

*\$1.99 for the first day and \$.50 for each day after that
 $(.50 \cdot d) \rightarrow$ the expression is $1.99 + .50d$*

This expression can be solved when 3 (or any other number) is substituted for d , the number of days Jack had the movie.

So, $1.99 + .50 \cdot 3 = 1.99 + 1.50 = 3.49$ or \$3.49.

- If an expression or equation has more than one variable term, the terms must be grouped by a common variable factor.

Exam



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- To solve a linear equation with one variable, the variable must be isolated first and then the variable can be solved.

Example: Solve for x :

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 17 = 27 \\ - 17 \quad -17 \\ \hline x \quad = 10 \end{array}$$

Seventeen is subtracted from both sides to solve for x . On the left side, the numbers cancel out and on the right side $27 - 17 = 10$, the answer.

Try This!

1. Solve if $n = 3$:

$$7 - n$$

$$2n + 8$$

$$4n \div 6$$

2. Translate into an **algebraic expression**:

○ Six times a number minus two

○ A number plus seven

3. Translate into an algebraic expression in terms of d , days

Sharon earns \$10 for every day after the first day.



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4. **Combine** like terms:

$$7x - 4x$$

$$11x + 14y - 5x + 2y$$

$$6x - 64 - 3x$$

5. Solve by using inverse operations:

$$x + 14 = 67$$

$$5x = 45$$

$$x/2 = 42$$